GaN HEMT Devices and Modeling for Operational Electronics within Harsh Environments





Saleh Kargarrazi

Postdoc | Aeronautics and Astronautics Department

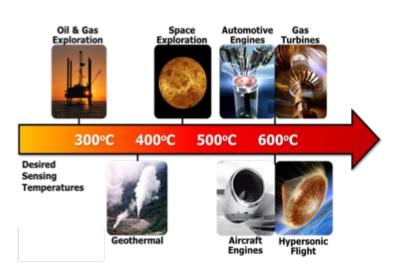
EXtreme Environment Microsystems Lab (XLab)

<u>xlab.stanford.edu</u> | +1.669.273.9990

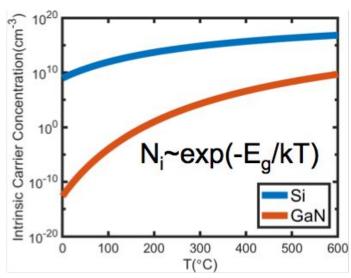
Advisor: Prof. Debbie Senesky

Wed, 5th Dec. 2018

Why wide-bandgap electronics?



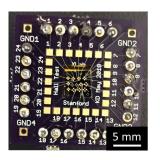
Sensing in harsh environments require robust transistors



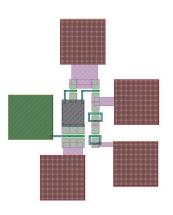
- Problem: Silicon device failure at ~125 OC due to low bandgap (1.1eV)
- Solution: Wide-bandgap (3.4eV) material, Gallium-Nitride (GaN)

An Example of for a Sensor/Electronics system

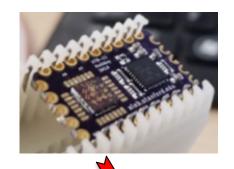
GaN-based Sensor:

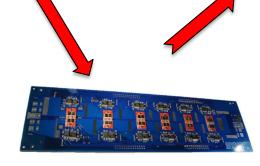


GaN-base d IC:



GaN-based Sensor + IC "Surfboard





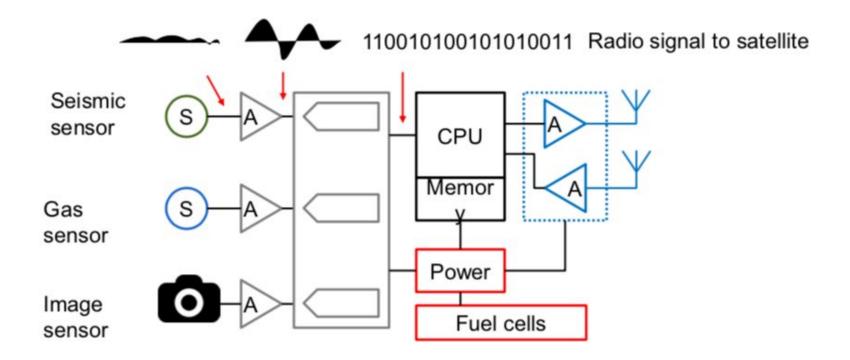
Next-generation Aviation

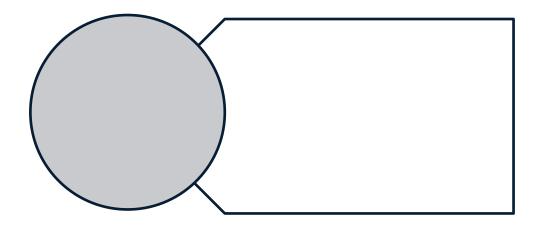


Collaborations:
Profs. Mantooth,
Ang, Salamo, and
Pop

GaN-based Converter Board (R. Pilawa)

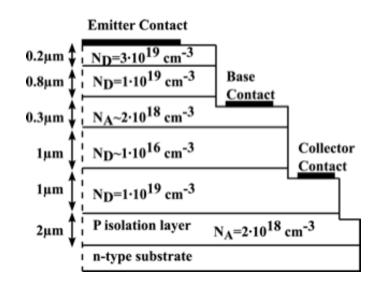
A High-T Electronic System



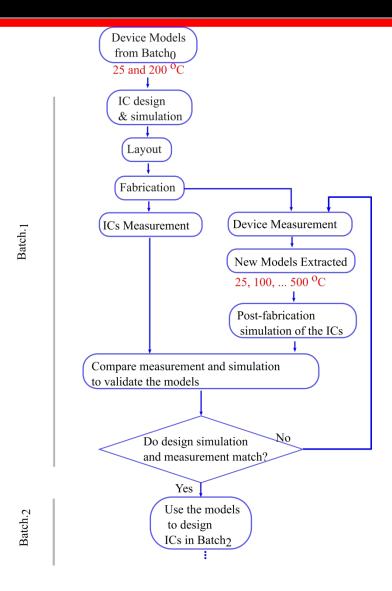


SiC Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJTs)

- 4H-SiC substrate
- Epitaxial Emitter, Base and Collector layers
- Plasma etching
- Metallization and Passivation

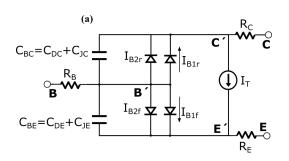


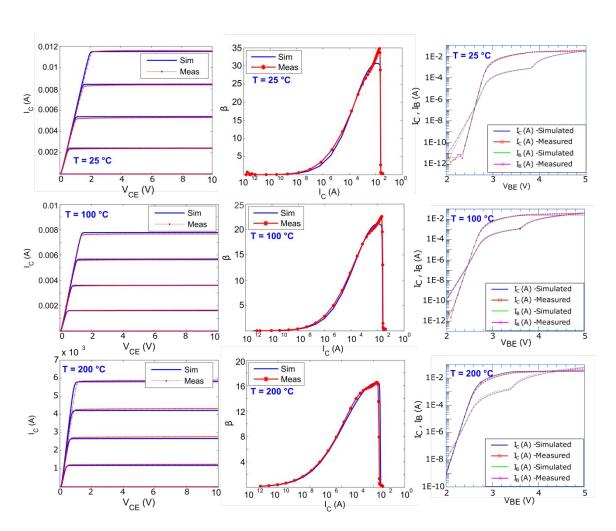
SiC IC Implementation Flowchart



Device modeling for SiC IC design (NPN BJTs)

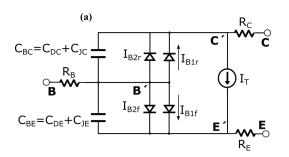
- SPICE Gummel-Poon model
- Batch.0 models as the start
- Measurement of Batch.1 BJTs
- Fitting and parameters extraction Using ICCAP

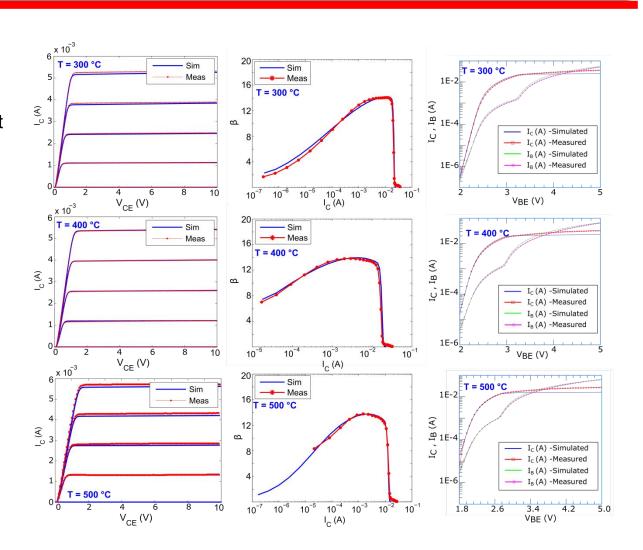




Device modeling for SiC IC design (NPN BJTs)

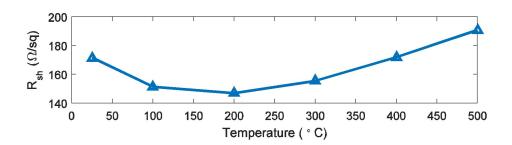
- SPICE Gummel-Poon model
- Batch.0 models as the start
- Measurement of Batch.1 BJTs
- Fitting and parameters extraction Using ICCAP



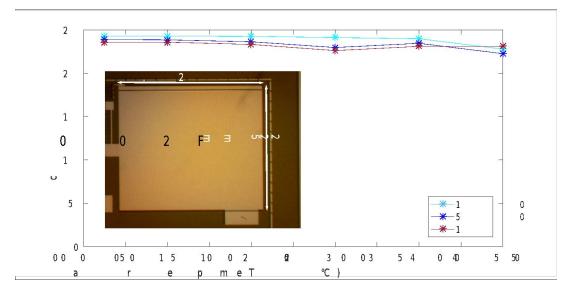


Device Modeling (integrated resistors and capacitors)

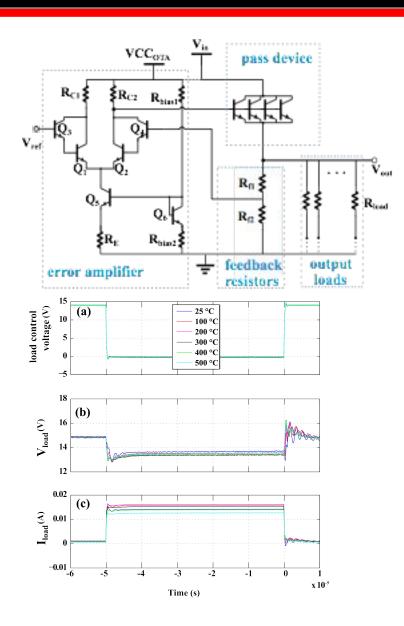
- Resistors on collector highly-doped epi-layer
- Non-monotonous temperature-dependence

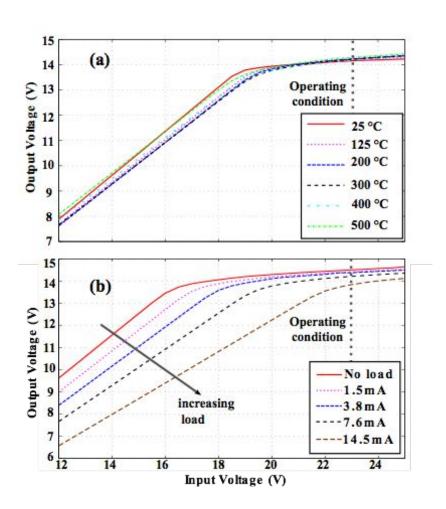


- Parallel plated capacitors
- constant over temperature



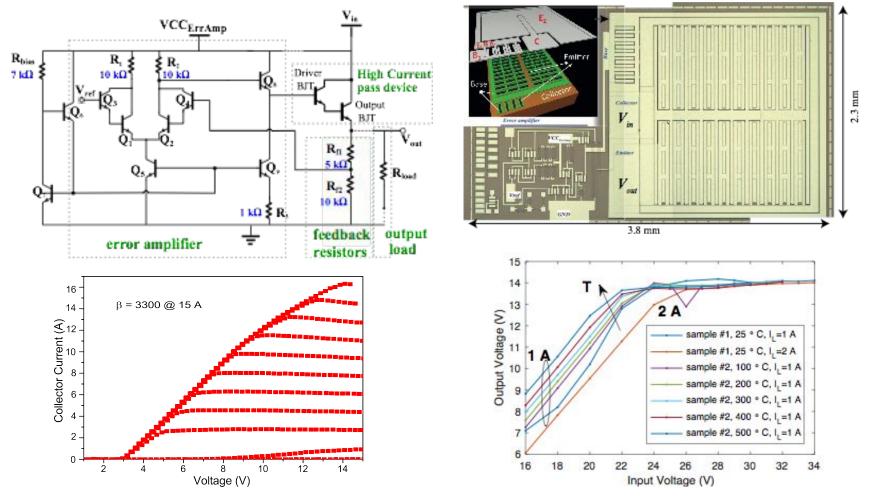
SiC-based Integrated Circuits Example I (Linear voltage regulator)





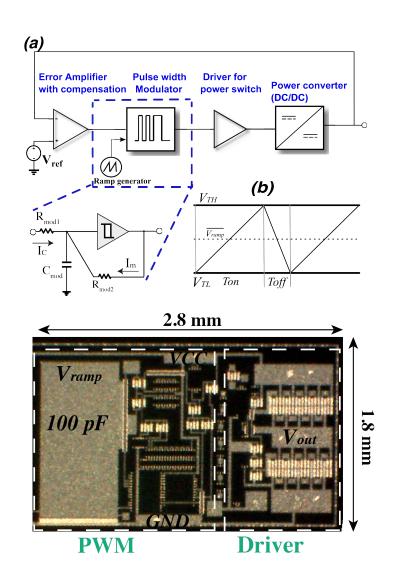
S. Kargarrazi, C.-M. Zetterling, et al., IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices (2015)

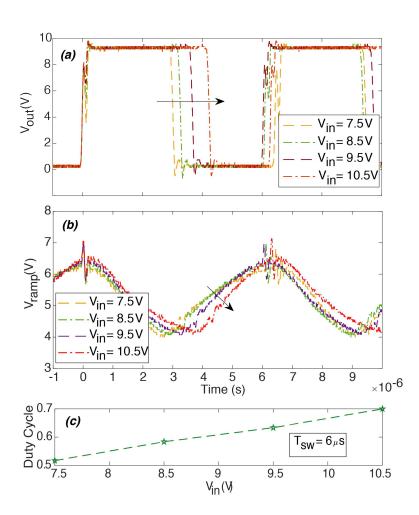
SiC-based Integrated Circuits <u>Still</u> Example II (Linear voltage regulator)



S. Kargarrazi, C.-M. Zetterling, et al., *IEEE Electron Device Letters* (2018)

SiC-based Integrated Circuits Example III (Pulse-width Modulator)





S. Kargarrazi, C.-M. Zetterling, et al., IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics (2018)

SiC-based Integrated Circuits <u>Still Example III (Pulse-width Modulator)</u>

The final goal was not the PWM but a controlled

Power supply for harsh environments.

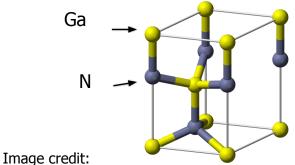
http://urn.kb.se/resolve?urn=urn:nbn:s

e:kth:diva-201618



How does GaN HEMT work?

Spontaneous polarization



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wurtzite_crystal_structure

Piezoelectric polarization

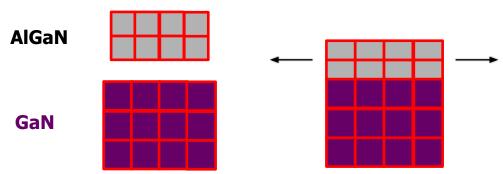


Image credit: C. Chapin, Stanford University, 2015.

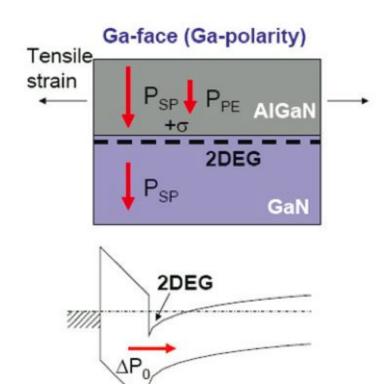


Image credit: M. Lindeborg et al., UCSB, 2011.

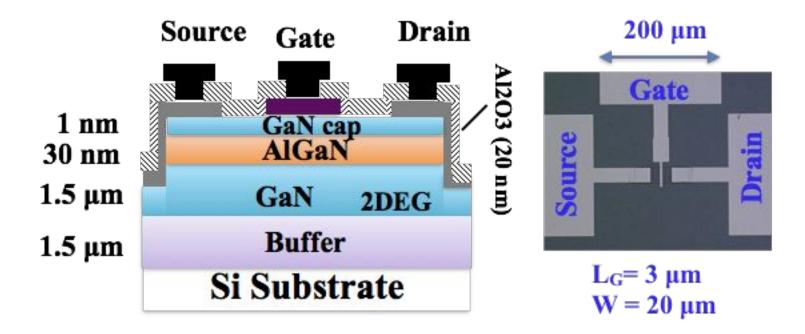
GaN

AlGaN

Tensile strain

Image credit: M. Lindeborg et al., UCSB, 2011.

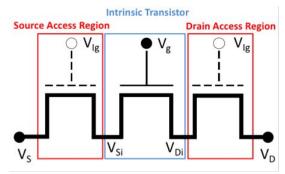
GaN HEMT



- MOCVD grown AlGaN/GaN HEMTs on Si/SiC/Sapphire substrates
- Device geometry optimization
- Depletion-mode (Normally-on), but Enhancement-mode (Normally-off) are coming too.

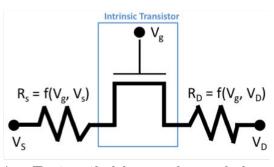
GaN HEMT compact Models

MIT MVSG MODEL

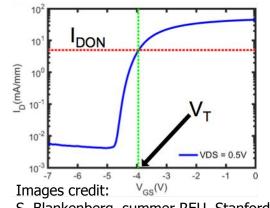


- Charge based model
- Implicit Gate transistors

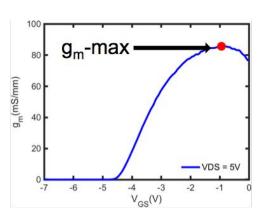
ASM MODEL



- Potential based model
- Non-linear resistors



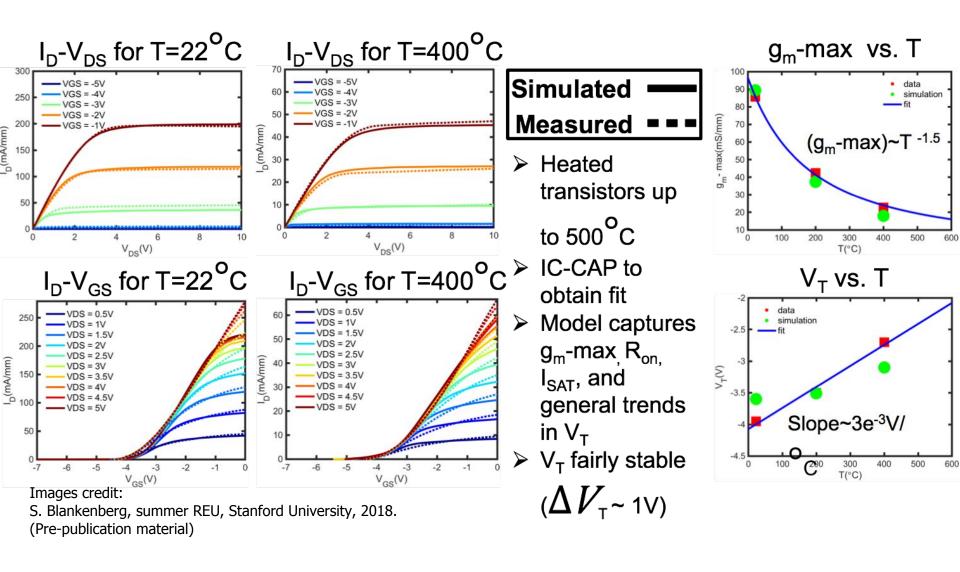
- V_T determines
 where the
 transistor turns on
- ➤ Important to have stable V_T across temperature



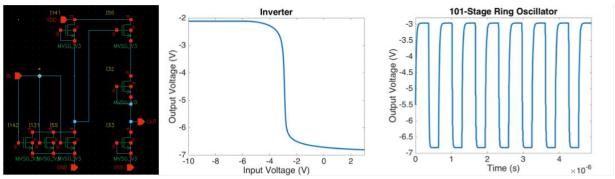
- g_m determines how much a signal can be amplified
- Bias circuit in region where g_m is large

S. Blankenberg, summer REU, Stanford University, 2018.

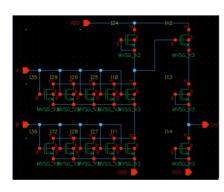
Extraction of ASM parameters

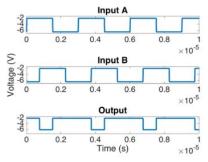


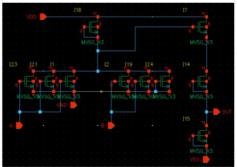
Circuit Design and Simulation

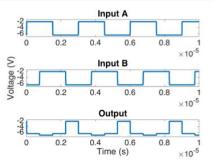


NAND and NOR Gates



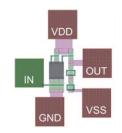


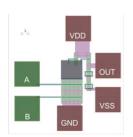


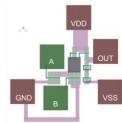


Images credit:

D. Mendoza, summer REU, Stanford University, 2018. (Pre-publication material)

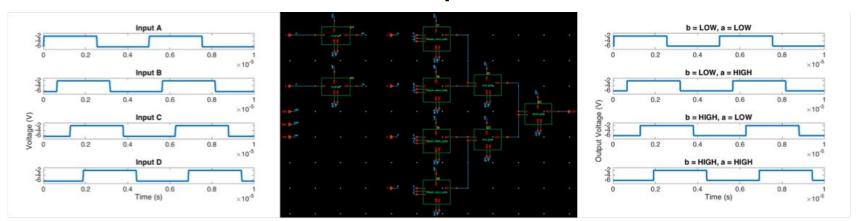






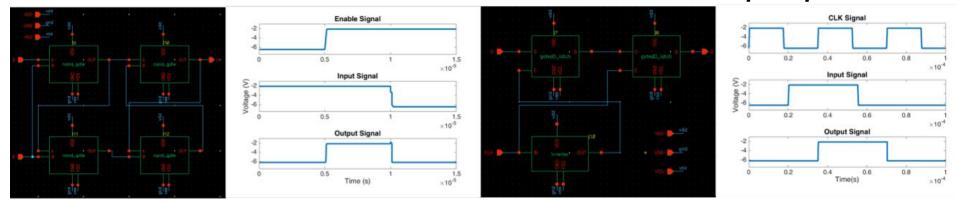
more Circuit Design and Simulation

4-to-1 Multiplexer



Gated Latch

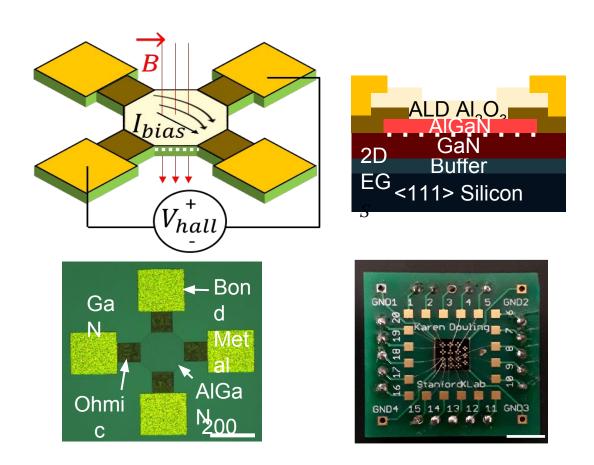
Gated Flip-Flop



Images credit:

D. Mendoza, summer REU, Stanford University, 2018. (Pre-publication material)

GaN-based Hall-effect Plates for B-field Sensing



K. Dowling, D.G. Senesky et al., Hilton Head Workshop (2018)

GaN Sensor Device Characterization

GaN Sensor Specifications:

Field Range: -5 to 5 mT

Temperatures:

-200°C to 200 °C

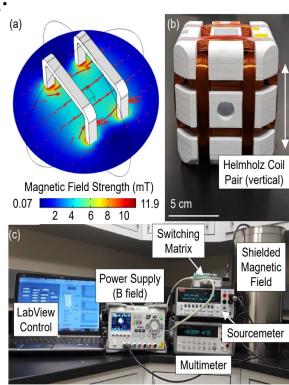
Temp Drift (Current Mode)

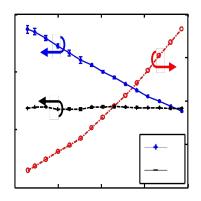
0.3 ppm/°C

Power: < 1 mW

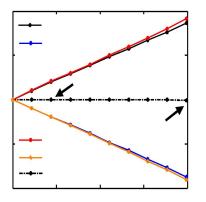
Accuracy: < 10 μT

Size: 0.9 mm²



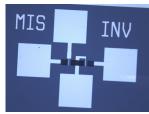


$$S_V \sim \frac{W}{l} \cdot \mu$$
 $S_I \sim \frac{1}{q \cdot n \cdot t}$

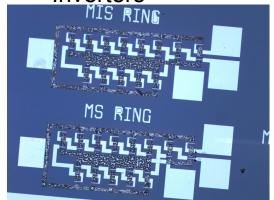


Gan HEMT Integrated Circuits (Cyrus-I fab run)

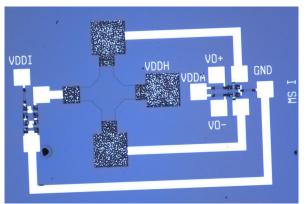




D-mode Inverters



11-stages ring oscillator

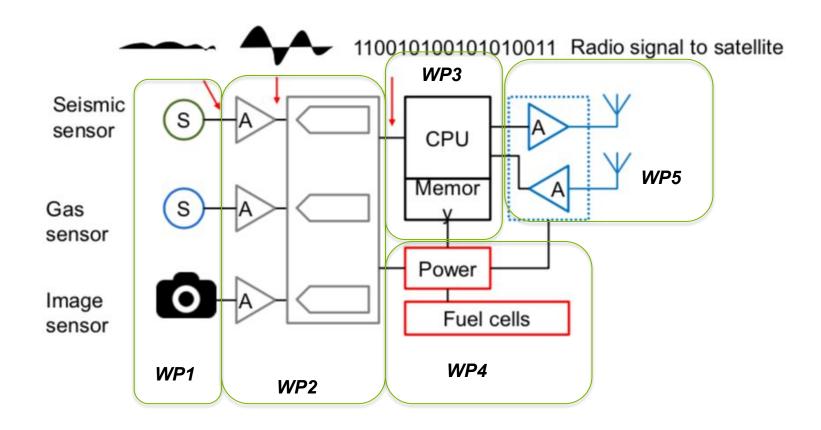


GaN HEMT-based magnetic hall-effect sensor accompanied with a current source and differential amplifier ICs.



An offset-reduced magnetic hall-effect sensor

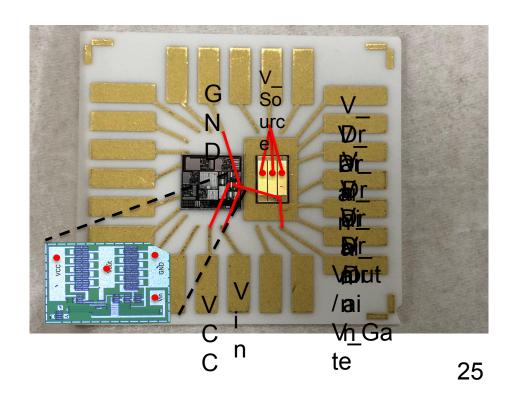
High-T GaN Integrated Circuits Opportunities!



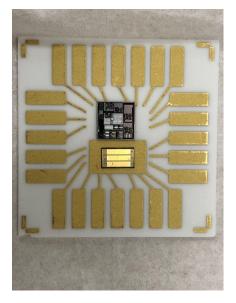
High-T Substrate (High-temperature co-fired Ceramic)

"No, you didn't make high-T electronics, because..."

An audience in ISPSD 2015



High-T mounting, bonding, packaging







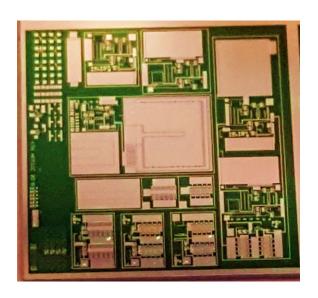
HTCC board

HT- Wirebonding HT- Wires/mounting

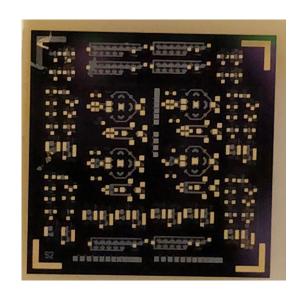
Prolonged measurements in the oven

R. Chen, S.Kargarrazi, D.G.Senesky, et al., pre-publication material (2018)

SiC BJT IC fab run, EKT, KTH (2016)



GaN HEMT IC fab run, XLab, Stanford (2017)



Thanks

Special Thanks to all my colleagues at XLab







